



PRIMARY ENERGY CONSUMPTION

The Canadian government has been an active participant in the development of energy policy at both the international level and, nationally, at the federal/provincial level. In 1987, primary energy available for consumption in Canada was 8 105 petajoules, an increase of 3.7% over 1986. Of the total primary energy consumption, 38.9% was from crude oil and 31.8% from natural gas. During 1987, Canada's net energy trade surplus increased by \$151 million to \$7,539 million.